AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

- 1. (Cancelled) An apparatus for high resolution imaging of a sample, comprising:
 - a SQUID evacuated dewar;
- a SQUID sensor cooperating with the dewar to sense magnetic flux from the sample being imaged, said sensor having a detection coll;

a cold finger;

said dewar having a thin window;

means for mounting the sensor remotely from the coil;

the detection coil being electrically connected to the SQUID sensor;

a mechanism for mounting the detection coil at the distal end of the cold finger in close proximity to the thin window;

a radiation shield mounted within the dewar and having an extension surrounding the detection coil to help maintain its cold temperature; and-

wherein the extension prevents or reduces circular currents in the plane of the detection coil.

2. (Currently Amended) An apparatus according to claim 4 40, further including a thick backing window overlying the thin window on the vacuum side thereof.

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- 3. (Previously Amended) An apparatus according to claim 2, wherein said thick backing window includes a hole therein for receiving the detection coil and the distal end of the shield extension.
- 4. (Original) An apparatus according to claim 3, wherein the shield extension is conical and the window hole is tapered.
- 5. (Currently Amended) An apparatus according to claim 4 <u>40</u>, wherein the thin window is composed of sapphire material.
- 6. (Previously Amended) An apparatus according to claim 2, wherein the thick backing window is composed of sapphire material.
- 7. (Currently Amended) An apparatus according to claim 4 40, further including a positioning mechanism for moving the detection coil adjustably toward and away from the thin window along a substantially straight path of travel.
- 8. (Original) An apparatus according to claim 7, wherein the positioning mechanism includes a lever.
- 9. (Original) An apparatus according to claim 8, wherein said positioning mechanism includes a flexure bearing.
- 10. (Currently Amended) An apparatus according to claim 4 40, wherein said detection coil is a bare SQUID magnetometer.
- 11. (Original) An apparatus according to claim 10, wherein said detection coil is an all-thin film SQUID magnetometer.

- 12. (Currently Amended) An apparatus according to claim 4 <u>40</u>, wherein said detection coil is a magnetometer coil connected to a SQUID sensor.
- 13. (Currently Amended) An apparatus according to claim 4 <u>40</u>, wherein said detection coil is a first derivative gradiometer.
- 14. (Currently Amended) An apparatus according to claim 4 40, wherein said detection coil is an asymmetric gradiometer.
- 15. (Currently Amended) An apparatus according to claim 4 40, wherein said detection coil is an apodized magnetometer coilgradiometer.
- 16. (Currently Amended) An apparatus according to claim 4 40, wherein said detection coil is a vector magnetometer.
- 17. (Currently Amended) An apparatus according to claim 4 40, wherein said detection coil is a gradiometer.
- 18. (Currently Amended) An apparatus according to claim 4 40, wherein said detection coil is a fractional turn SQUID magnetometer.
- 19. (Cancelled) A method of high resolution imaging of a sample, comprising:

sensing magnetic flux from the sample using a SQUID evacuated dewar and a SQUID sensor having a detection coil;

mounting the SQUID sensor within the dewar remotely of the detection coil;

mounting the detection coil at the distal end of a cold finger in close proximity to a thin window forming a part of the dewar;

mounting a radiation shield having an extension within the dewar and surrounding the detection coil; and-

using the extension to prevent or reduce circular currents in the plane of the detection coil via the extension.

- 20. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 49 41, further including replacing the detection coil with another detection coil.
- 21. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 49 41, further including applying a magnetic field to the sample being imaged prior to or during said sensing.
- 22. (Currently Amended) An apparatus according to claim 4 40, wherein the extension includes at least one longitudinally extending slot.
- 23. (Previously Presented). An apparatus according to claim 22, wherein the extension being generally conical in shape; and

the upper portion of the extension being larger than the lower portion of the extension.

- 24. (Currently Amended) An apparatus according to claim 4 40, wherein the extension is composed of aluminum.
- 25. (Currently Amended) An apparatus according to claim 4 <u>40</u>, wherein the extension is composed of coil foil.

- 26. (Currently Amended) An apparatus according to claim 4 <u>40</u>, wherein the extension is composed of G-10 fiber composite for reducing circular currents in the plane of the detection coil.
- 27. (Currently Amended) An apparatus according to claim 4 40, further including a cold finger reservoir and a radiation shield reservoir.
- 28. (Previously Presented) An apparatus according to claim 27, wherein the cold finger reservoir contains liquid helium.
- 29. (Previously Presented) An apparatus according to claim 27, wherein the radiation shield reservoir contains liquid nitrogen.
- 30. (Previously Presented) An apparatus according to claim 27, wherein the radiation shield surrounds the cold finger reservoir and the radiation shield reservoir.
- 31. (Previously Presented) An apparatus according to claim 27, wherein the radiation shield reservoir is disposed above the cold finger reservoir.
- 32. (Cancelled) An apparatus according to claim 1, further including a bobbin having a tip; and a material disposed on the bobbin tip for cooling the pickup coil below the transition temperature.
- 33. (Currently Amended) An apparatus according to claim 32 40, wherein the material is aluminum Mylar.
- (Cancelled) An apparatus for high resolution imaging of a sample, comprising
 a SQUID evacuated dewar;

a SQUID sensor mounted within the dewar for sensing magnetic flux from the sample being imaged;

a cold finger,

the dewar having a thin window;

a detection coil electrically coupled to the SQUID sensor;

means for mounting the detection coil at the tip of the cold finger in close proximity to the thin window;

a radiation shield mounted within the dewar and having an extension surrounding the detection coil;

a first reservoir for cooling the cold finger to a first temperature;

a second reservoir for cooling the radiation shield to a second temperature;

wherein the first temperature is substantially lower than the second temperature.

- 35. (Cancelled) An apparatus according to claim 34, wherein the first reservoir contains liquid helium.
- 36. (Cancelled) An apparatus according to claim 34, wherein the second reservoir contains liquid nitrogen.
- 37. (Cancelled) An apparatus according to claim 34, wherein the radiation shield surrounds the first and second reservoirs.

- 38. (Cancelled) A method according to claim 19, further including cooling the cold finger via a first reservoir at one temperature and cooling the radiation shield via a second reservoir at a substantially higher temperature.
- 39. (Cancelled) A method of high resolution imaging of a sample, comprising sensing magnetic flux from the sample using a SQUID evacuated dewar and a SQUID sensor having a detection coil electrically coupled thereto;

mounting the SQUID sensor within the dewar;

mounting the detection coil at the end of a cold finger in close proximity to a thin window forming a part of the dewar;

mounting a radiation shield within the dewar and extending to the detection coil; cooling the cold finger to a first temperature; and cooling the radiation shield to a second temperature; and

wherein the first temperature is lower than the second temperature.

- 40. (New) An apparatus for high resolution imaging of a sample, comprising:

 a SQUID evacuated dewar;
- a SQUID sensor cooperating with the dewar to sense magnetic flux from the sample being imaged, the sensor having a detection coil;

a cold finger;

the dewar having a thin window;

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means for mounting the sensor remotely from the coil;

the detection coil being electrically connected to the SQUID sensor;

a mechanism for mounting the detection coil at the distal end of the cold finger in close proximity to the thin window, the mechanism including a bobbin having a tip;

a material disposed on the bobbin tip for cooling the detection coil below the transition temperature

a radiation shield mounted within the dewar and having an extension surrounding the detection coil to help maintain its cold temperature; and-

wherein the extension prevents or reduces circular currents in the plane of the detection coil.

41. (New) A method of high resolution imaging of a sample, comprising:

sensing magnetic flux from the sample using a SQUID evacuated dewar and a SQUID sensor having a detection coil;

mounting the SQUID sensor within the dewar remotely of the detection coil;

mounting the detection coil on a bobbin having a tip at the distal end of a cold finger in close proximity to a thin window forming a part of the dewar;

placing a material on the bobbin tip for cooling the detection coil below the transition temperature;

mounting a radiation shield having an extension within the dewar and surrounding the detection coil; and-

using the extension to prevent or reduce circular currents in the plane of the detection coil via the extension.

42. (New) A method according to claim 41, wherein the material is aluminum Mylar.